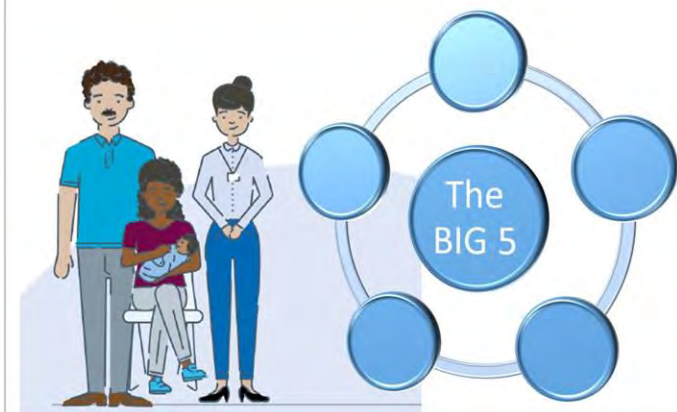
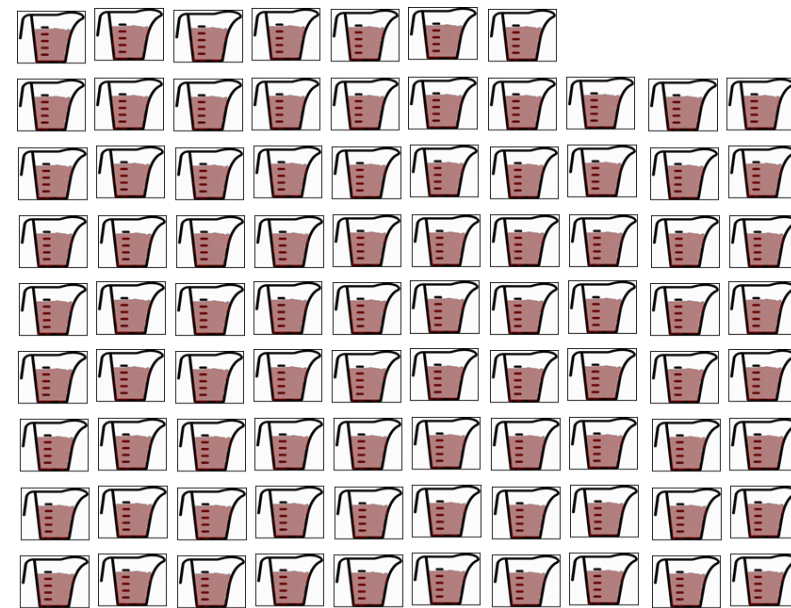


National maternal and neonatal health safety collaborative



Our
ONE
Big
thing



Between January & August this year 87 women in our unit lost over 1500mls of blood

PPH Driver Diagram

Working document (August 2018)



Mothers sometimes lose a lot of blood during labour. If this is not identified and managed they can become very unwell.

Reduce incidence of heavy bleeding during labour - and when it occurs respond fast to avoid harm to mums

- Identify mums at risk of blood loss
- Optimise amount of haemoglobin in their blood
- Train all trainee clinicians to identify and manage 4 stages of heavy bleeding

PREVENTION

- Measure blood loss for all women
- Train staff in management of clot development and low blood pressure

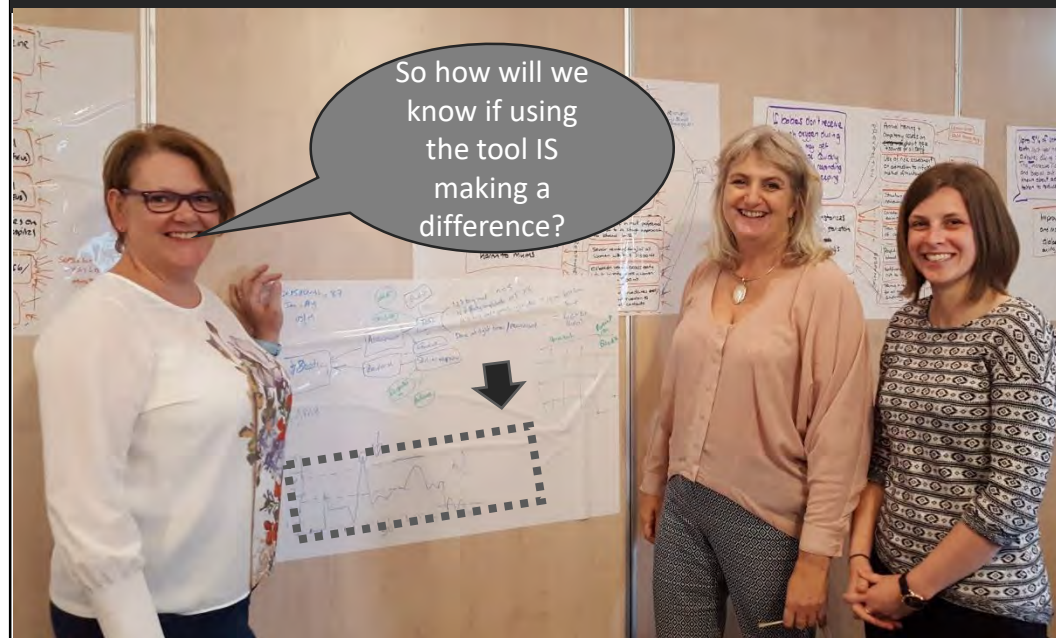
RECOGNITION

- Train all staff in management of all stages of heavy blood loss
- Senior review of all women with blood loss over 1500 mls
- Establish access to veins early and start investigations when blood loss exceeds 1000 mls
- Prompt use of medicines and/surgical interventions to ensure womb contracts after birth

RESPONSE

We need to work out where in the system we think we can make a difference!

So we've been using a new assessment tool...



At the Mat/Neo collaborative they talked about using small amounts of data

- I've been asked to do an audit..

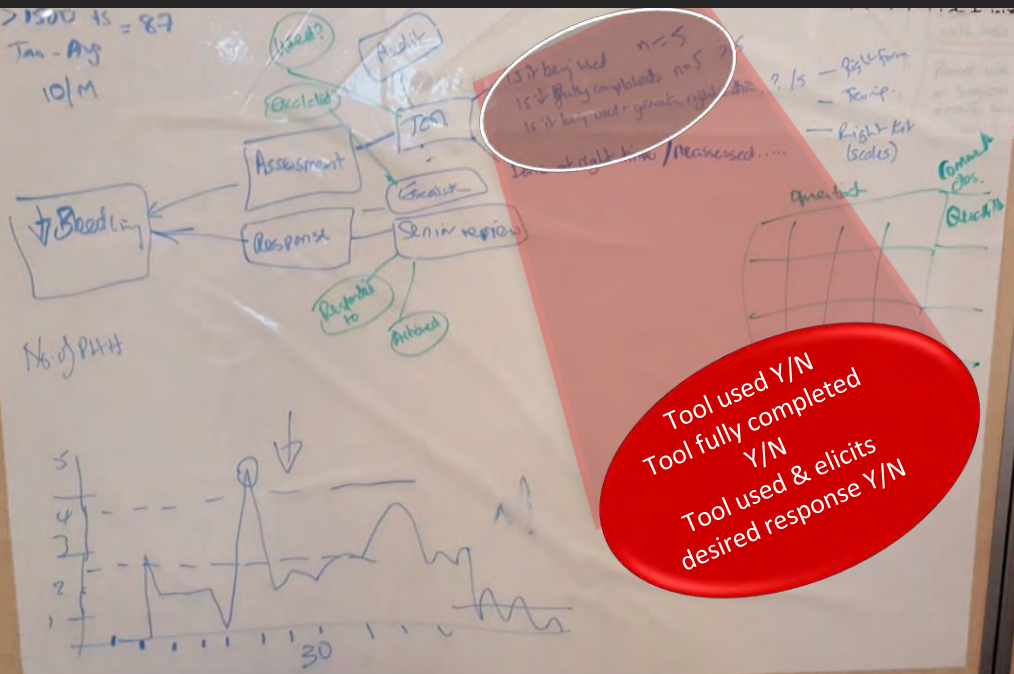
It'll take forever to review 87 sets of notes!

Coaching from QI practitioner, Heather Shearer

-So what's the smallest number of cases you could start with?

$n=5$

>1500 is = 87
Jan - Aug
10/M



Sharing the lightbulb moments with colleagues in other teams

